Neil Jeffares, Dictionary of pastellists before 1800

Online edition

PINE, Robert Edge

London c.1726 – Philadelphia 1788 Robert Edge Pine, portrait and history painter, was the son of John Pine (1690-1756), an engraver, freemason and associate of Hogarth. A series of prints engraved after Highmore, The procession and ceremonies (1730) did much to win the favour of George II, and he was appointed Bluemantle Pursuivant at the College of Arms in 1743. The brother of Simonneau or Simon Pine (q.v.), Robert Edge's date of birth is not known precisely, although Nagler's suggestion of 1730 is adopted without qualification in sources such as the Oxford DNB: it cannot however be correct (nor can the date of birth for his mother of 1715 provided in a family genealogy website), and Simonneau must have been born c.1725 as he was apprenticed in 1739 and married in 1749. It seems likely that Robert was born c.1726. On 23.XII.1749 Robert married, at St Sepulchre, Holborn, a Mary Fulford. Their seven children included the pastellist Jane Pine (q.v.). In his will made in Philadelphia in 1782 he left everything to his wife Mary, commending to her particular attention the "unfortunate incapacity of [his] daughter Elizabeth."

Vertue's mention in 1742 of a "young Pine", one of the "inferior Crayoneer painters of portraits...that brushes them off at a guinea apiece" is probably to Robert Edge Pine rather than his brother Simon (q.v.). The pastel copy of Rigaud's portrait of Fleury (made from one of the numerous versions rather than the Drevet engraving, which is in reverse) is signed and dated 1740; apparently in a different hand than R. E. Pine's known work, we initially assumed that another Robert Pine (otherwise unrecorded) must be responsible. But the appearance in 2014 of a pastel of the 3rd Earl of Essex, signed on the back by "Pine" 1743, caused a reappraisal: both works are evidently by the same hand, although Essex clearly shows greater assurance, consistent with the development of the child's skills. The writing on this later signature closely matches Pine's signature on his father's probate.

The pastel of Essex is a copy of an oil painting in the Cassiobury collection, probably by George Knapton. Knapton's connections with the print trade could well explain the contact with John Pine's son, who may have had lessons from him.

Robert Edge Pine's painting of The surrender of Calais to Edward III won the first premium at the Society of Arts in 1760, and he exhibited a variety of works at the Society of Artists between 1760 and 1771, at the Free Society from 1761 to 1763, and at the Royal Academy in 1772 (from St Martin's Lane), 1780 (from Albemarle Street) and 1784 (from Cork Street). Media are rarely specified, and none can be identified as in pastel. He was in Bath between 1772 and 1779 (on 24.X.1775 he took on an apprentice for 7 years, one Edward Mawbrye; the premium was 40 gns; Mawbrye exhibited at the Royal Academy in 1782 from Great Newport Street). In 1784 Pine travelled to America with the intention of becoming a history painter. He organised a fully catalogued exhibition of his work in Philadelphia that year, and over the next four years he painted a good number of portraits in oil.

Pine's work in oils was of extremely variable quality. The attribution to Pine of any surviving pastels from after 1743 is currently unsatisfactory. While the Pine 1979 exhibition stated (in the note on the rejected Sarah Jay pastel) that "some work in pastels survive which are the work of either Robert Edge Pine or his brother Simon", no example was cited. The Willis pendants, which are reduced versions of full length oils evidently by the same hand, can only be tentatively attributed, following Waterhouse's suggestion, but the idiosyncratic, wavy treatment of Willis's wig, together with the thinly covered brown underlayer in the faces, now showing through as shadow, is found in the version of Garrick (which, while greatly inferior to the oil version, could conceivably be autograph); they are a natural development of the technique seen in the early signed examples.

Monographic exhibition

 Pine 1979: Robert Edge Pine, a British portrait painter in America, 1784–1788, Washington, National Portrait Gallery, 1.XI.1979 – 6.I.1980. Cat. Robert G. Stewart

Bibliography

Bénézit; Bolton 1923; Grove; Antti Matikkala, The orders of knighthood and the formation of the British honours system, Woodbridge, 2008, p. 332; Mark Noble, A history of the College of Arms..., London, 1804, pp. 395ff; Oxford DNB; Prime 1932, II, pp. 26ff; Simon 1998; Sloman 2002, p. 202; Sunderland 1986; Vertue 1933–34, III, p. 100; Waterhouse 1981; Wright 2006

GENEALOGIES Pine

Pastels

Leonard BLEECKER, crayon (Mrs Elizabeth Bleecker. Warfield, New York, 1892). Lit.: Bolton 1923, p. 56 n.r., as by R. E. Pine; Pine 1972, as by Sharples, a.v.

J.593.102 Lady DERING, née Selina Furnese (– 1757), ∞ Sir Edward Dering, Bt, dau. of Lady Anne Furnese, pstl (Lower Eatington 1869). Lit.: Evelyn Philip Shirley, Lower Eatington, London, 1869, p. 53 n.r.

1.593.103 William Čapel, 3rd Earl of ESSEX (1697–1743), pstl/ppr, 55/46, sd verso "Pine 1743" (desc.: granddaughter, Elizabeth Baroness Monson; desc.: John, 10th Baron Monson; sale p.m., London, Sotheby's, 29.IV.2014, Lot 15 repr., est. £4–6000, £5000). A/r pnt., p.1738, attr. Knapton (Watford Museum, Cassiobury collection) φνσ



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J.593.105 André-Hercule, cardinal de FLEURY (1653–1743), évêque de Fréjus, précepteur de Louis XV 1715, premier ministre, pstl/ppr, 47x38.5, sd → "Rob Pine/June 1740" (Richard, Duke of Buckingham and Chandos; Stowe, Christie's, 12.IX.1848, Lot 30 n.r., 6 gns, with anon. pastel of Sydney; Lister. Charles Silvertop, Northumberland, 1957; PC 2013; London, Bloomsbury Auctions, 12.II.2014, Lot 290 repr., est. £1000–1500, b/i; Newbury, Dreweatts & Bloomsbury, 25.III.2014, Lot 2 repr., est. £400–600). A/r Rigaud pnt. φνσ



1.593.107 Lady Anne FURNESE, née Shirley (− 1779), ∞ Sir Robert Furnese, Bt, pstl, sd "Robt. Pine, 1740" (Lower Eatington 1869). Lit.: Evelyn Philip Shirley, *Lower Eatington*, London, 1869, p. 52 n.r.

cop., pnt. (Hampton Court 1869)

David GARRICK studying Macbeth, pnt., 89x71, c.1775 (London, NPG 82. Acqu. 1859). Lit.: Ingamells 2004, pp. 185ff, numerous versions, copies, prints

J.593.11 ~version, pstl (London, V&A, S.120-1997. Acqu. 1996 in lieu of tax) [new attribution] φβν



John JAY; & Mrs John Jay, v. Sharples

J.593.113 Sir Wyndham KNATCHBULL-WYNDHAM, 6th Bt (1737–1763), MP for Kent, as a child in a blue coat, pstl (Kent; a UK heritage asset)

J.593.114 Samuel Thyssen [TYSSEN (c.1756–1800)], FAS, of Narborough Hall, Norfolk; & pendant: J.593.115 brother [?Francis John Tyssen (1754-1814) of Westbrook House, Upwey], m/u, sd "R Pine Fecit March 1761/2" (desc.: William Amherst Tyssen-Amherst (1835-1909), 1st Baron Amherst of Hackney Lord Amherst of Hackney, Didlington Hall, Norfolk; Xavier Haas, Paris; as by Hoare, New York, Anderson Galleries, 20–21.1.1927, Lot 112/111 n.r., \$60/\$40)

J.593.116 Richard WILLIS (1724–1780), deputy governor of the Levant Company; & pendant: J.593.117 spouse, née Bethia Legge (1735–1778), pstl, 50x40 ov., c.1760–63 (Clevedon Court, National Trust, inv. 623920/6239219, CLE/D/12, 11, LT no. 28/26. Legs Willis 1956). Lit.: Ellis K. Waterhouse, "The Willis family portraits at Lydiard Park", National Trust studies, 1980, pp. 49–53, attr. R. E. Pine; Jeffares 2006, p. 576Ai/ii, anon. [attr.] Φα



Photos courtesy National Trust
~repls., pnt. (Clevedon Court, National Trust,
inv. 624176/77)

J.593.122 Young woman; & pendant: J.593.123 same, pstl, 53.5x44 (London, Sotheby's, 18.III.1971, £90)

J.593.124 =?Two sisters, pendants, pstl/ppr, 56x47, sd ∠ "R. Pine pinxit Feb 1771/2" (Köln, Carola Van Ham, 6.VII.2002, Lot 973 repr./n.r., est. €2500, b/i) [?attr.] φα



J.593.126 Gentleman in blue coat; & pendant:
J.593.127 two J.593.128 heads of ladies, 3 pstls (A.
W. Maconochie, of 8 Porchester Gate and
Cudham Hall, Kent; sale p.m., London,
Christie's, 29.VII.1926, Lot 175 n.r.)